

## **70 and 140 MHz IF to IF Frequency Converters**





This line of frequency converters are designed to provide a means of IF to IF frequency conversion. The converters can be used for applications with incompatible IF frequencies. For example, if a 70 MHz modulator has to be interfaced with a 140 MHz IF frequency upconverter, these converters can be used to provide the required frequency. These converters can also be used to provide IF frequency agility to modulators that have fixed outputs. The converters are supplied as combined up/down-converters with shared local oscillators, or as individual upconverters or downconverters.



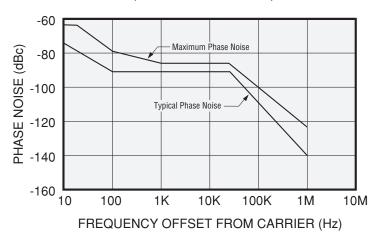
Input Frequency (MHz)	Output Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth Frequency (MHz)	Model Number	Description		
Fixed Tuned Converters						
70	140	40	U/D-70/140-40	Combined Up/ Downconverter		
140	70	40		·		
70	140	40	U-70/140-40	Upconverter		
140	70	40	D-140/70-40	Downconverter		
70	140	54	U/D-70/140-54	Combined Up/ Downconverter		
140	70	54				
70	140	54	U-70/140-54	Upconverter		
140	70	54	D-140/70-54	Downconverter		
Synthesized, 1 MHz Step Size Converters						
70	100–180	40	U/D-70/140-40-1M	Combined Up/ Downconverter		
100-180	70	40		·		
70	100-180	40	U-70/140-40-1M	Upconverter		
100-180	70	40	D-140/70-40-1M	Downconverter		
70	100-180	54	U/D-70/140-54-1M	Combined Up/ Downconverter		
100-180	70	54				
70	100-180	54	U-70/140-54-1M	Upconverter		
100-180	70	54	D-140/70-54-1M	Downconverter		
70	50-90	10*	U/D-70/70-10-1M	Combined Up/ Downconverter		
50-90	70	10*		·		
70	50-90	10*	U-70/70-10-1M	Upconverter		
50-90	70	10*	D-70/70-10-1M	Downconverter		

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The bandwidth specified is only applicable to the guaranteed specifications. There are no bandwidth limitations within ±20 MHz of center frequency.

Specifications	Upconverter	
Input frequency	See table	
Output frequency	See table	
Bandwidth	See table	
Gain	0 ±2 dB	
Gain flatness	±0.25 dB, ±20 MHz (70/140 and 140/70 MHz converters), 0.3 dB, ±5 MHz (70/70 MHz converters)	
Noise figure	20 dB maximum	
Group delay	2.0 ns peak-to-peak, ±20 MHz (70/140 and 140/70 MHz converters), 1.2 ns peak-to-peak, ±5 MHz (70/70 MHz converters)	
Spurious (inband, -20 dBm maximum input) Signal related Signal independent	60 dBc minimum -70 dBm maximum	
Second harmonic		
(inband, 54 MHz bandwidth) Power output	-50 dBc minimum at -20 dBm maximum input	
(1 dB compression)	0 dBm minimum	
Return loss	20 dB minimum/75 ohms	
Intermodulation distortion	Third order intermodulation products -60 dBc minimum with two carriers at -20 dBm output	
Frequency stability	±2 Hz, 0 to 50°C, ±5 Hz/day typical (fixed temperature after 24 hour on time)	
Gain stability	±0.25 dB maximum/24 hours at constant temperature	
External reference input	5 MHz or 10 MHz, +4 ±3 dBm. Unit will automatically switch to the internal reference for external reference input levels below +1 dBm nominal.	

### **Phase Noise Specifications**

# TYPICAL PHASE NOISE CHARACTERISTICS (1.0 Hz BANDWIDTH)



#### **Option**

#### 15. 50 ohm IF impedance.

 $\pm 5 \times 10^{-9}$ , -40 to +60°C,

1 x 10<sup>-9</sup>/day typical (fixed temperature after 24 hour on time).

Notes: Missing option numbers are not applicable to this product.

#### **General Specifications**

#### **Power Requirements**

Voltage	90-250 VAC
Frequency	47–63 Hz
Power consumption	150 W typical

#### **Summary Alarm**

Contact closure/open for DC voltage and/or LO alarm

#### **Physical**

Weight	30 (13.6kg) pounds nominal
Overall dimensions	19" [482.6mm] x 3.5" [88.9mm] panel x 22" [558.8mm] maximum
	(chassis depth 20" [508mm])
IF connectors	BNC female
Summary alarm	DE-9P
Redundancy alarm	
Test points	

#### **Environmental**

#### Operating

Ambient temperature	0 to 50°C
Relative humidity	
Atmospheric pressure	Up to 10,000 feet
Nonoperating	•
Ambient temperature	50 to +70°C

Shock and vibration ...... Normal handling by commercial carriers

